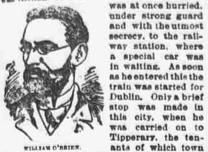
Accused of Inciting Peasants Not to Pay Their Rent-Great Excitoment to Ireland _Beller that the Coverament Wished to Prevent Them from Coming to America -Pavitt Nays Raifour Has Done Nobty for the Irish Cause-More Arrests Expeted-Surprise in London,

DUBLIN, Sept. 18,-Mr. John Dillon was arrested this morning. Mr. William O'Brien was lee arrested at Giengariff and taken to Cork. Warrauts have been issued for the arrest of Mesers sheedy and Condon, members of the House of Commons, Mr. Patrick O'Brien, and the liev. David Humphreys of Tipperary,

The charges on which Mr. Dillon was arrested are o aspiracy and inciting the tenants on Smith-Larry's estate not to pay their rents. The arrest was made at Ballybrack, where he

was visiting at the house of an uncle. He was at once hurried. and with the utmost



Tipperary, the tenants of which town he is charged with having incited by his seeches to refuse payment of rent to their landlord, Mr. Smith-Barry,

The arrest of William O'Brien was made at the Glengariff Hotel. Mrs. O'Brien was present at the time. The charges against Mr. O Brien are similar to those on which Mr. Dillon was arrested. These charges are based on speeches made by him at Limerick and Tipperary. in which, it is alleged, he advised his auditors not to pay rent. From Glengariff, which is at the head of Bantry Bay, and not far from Cork. Mr. O'Brien was immediately carried to that city.

In addition to those already mentioned, it is certained that a warrant has been issued for the Land League.

strict watch of the headquarters of the Land League. Persons entering or leaving are sub-

League. Persons entering or leavieted to a close serutiny. Despatches from Tipeerary report that the organizers of the local branch of the League there are under close police surveillance and are being constantly shadowed.

This special activity of the police leads to the belief

already out against many leaders in the Land league of secondary rank and importance who have made themselves obnoxious by the

league of secondary rank and importance who have made themselves obnoxious; by the active part they have taken in recent anti-rent campaigns. No one will be surprised, therefore, to hear at any moment that other men have been taken into custody.

This sudden action of the Government has fallen like a boit from a clear sky. The Irish Nationalists had no suspicion of the impending blow, and are at a loss to know what it portends. Mingled surprise and indignation are the predominant feelings in Dublin to-day. Despatches from various parts of Ireland indicate that the Nationalists are everywhere greatly excited at the arrests. The arrests were so utterly unexpected that the surprise with which they were first heard soon gave way to a feeling of suspense as to what the Government would do next.

In the Tipperary Court formal evidence of the arrest of O'Brien was given before Magistrate Irwin, and Mr. Ronan, who conducted the prosecution, asked that O'Brien be remanded until Thursday.

Conned for O'Brien cross-examined Inspector Raffer with the view of showing that although O'Brien had committed the alleged lacts in June, no steps had been taken for his arrest until it was heard that he was going to America. Inspector Raffer denied that the mission to America had anything whatever to do with the case.

Mr. O'Brien here remarked that the whole world knew the Government's motive for making the arrests. Mr. O'Brien was admitted to ball, Canon Canill being his surety. On the application of Mr. Ronan warrants were issued for the arrest of other members of the National League.

London.

League.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The one topic in London to-tay is the news from Ireland of the arrest of Irish Nationalists. The general feeling is one of profound surprise, as the Government had kept its secret so well that no hint of its intended action had reached the public. No explanation of the reasons for the Government's course has as yet been vouchsafed. On all sides doubts are freely expressed as to the political wisdom displayed, but it is too early to estimate the effect of the arrests on public opinion in England.

The Parnellites, while greatly surprised, are by no means cast down. Their experience in

The Parnellites, while greatly surprised, are by no means cast down. Their experience in the past leads them to take a philosophical view of the situation and to expect as the final cutcome advantage to their cause. Their theory of the arrests is that the Government decided on them in order to prevent the departure of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien to America. This the Government wished to stop, the Parnellites assert, because they feared that the effect of the speeches of the Irish orators in America would be to create a fresh and striking outburst of American sympathy with the Irish Home Rulers, which would be of great moral help to the Liberal cause as championed by Mr. Gladstone.

by Mr. Gladatone.
Up to 7 o'clock this evening no definite information had reached London of the specific
utterances of Messrs Dillon and O'Brien on
which the warrants for their arrest were based.
Neither has the Government given out any
official explanation.

utterances of Messrs Dillon and O'Brien on which the warrants for their arrest were obased. Neither has the Government given out any efficial explanation.

It is supposed to night that the ostensible grounds for Mr. O'Brien's arrest are to be found in a very plain speech that he made on last Bunday. He addressed an assemblage of peasants at an insignificant village in county Cork named Schull. He spoke upon the failure of the potato crop, and spoke of the gloomy outlook which Ireland must face this winter. Warming to his theme he said: For tens of thousands of small farmers throughout Ireland it will become a question this winter whether they are to have 'ood or their landlords."

Confonted with such an alternative, he thought there should be no hositancy as to a choice. He advised the tenants on every estate to meet and consult as to what proportion, if any, of their rent they could honestly lay. When that question had been determined they should all abide by the decision. If the farmers, he said, should give to the landlords money which was needed to buy bread for their children, the Irish leaders would not dare to appeal to the world to come to the rescue of such a nation of slaves. But if tenants would absolutely refuse to pay a penny of rent until every family that tilled the soil was placed beyond the reach of starvation, then if the Government evicted starving people from their poor homes it would be swent out of existence by a torrent of English Indignation, and the whole civilized world would send money and assistance for the benefit of the tenants.

Mr. Michael Davitt was interviewed this afternoon in regard to the arrests. He took a very boneful view, and thought the effect would be entirely favorable to the Irish cause. "It Messrs, Dillon and O'Brien," he said, "had deliberately set out to devise plans for increasing the popularity of the plan of campaign and heightening the pressign of the plan of campaign and heightening the pressign The bear is the purpose of the plan of campaign has been carried

he has been in chief authority over Ire-O'Brien and wife arrived at Tipperary at

at the Court House.

Discussin an interview after his arrest,
that the object of the Government in

Air. Diron in an interview after his arrest, and that the bleet of the Government in aking such a step was a mystery to him, uncest was to prevent the mission of himself and his associate to America. He was sure, however, that the Americans would not deprive the tenants of the Tipperary and other cetates of needful support although to hight its impossible for Mr. O'brien and simely togoto America and make a personal sineal in their behalf. In his colinion the arrests would be more harm to the opponents of the female than a dozen nuclears were being the present depounding the firsh agrication at the very moment when the warrants for the arrest of himself and his associates were being trawn would appear to many not to be a mere

actions.

Happily, he had estisfied himself that the re-corts of dissension in the Irish party were un-

unbrokes front.

Be Dunteys Cable Rest Converses.

John Dillon and William O'Brion. arrested for their recent disturbing utterances, have been released on ball by a Tipperary magistrate. Mr. Dillon will leave Tipperary by the 5 o'clock train this evening for Dublin. accompanied by Mr. and Mr. O'Brion. John Dillon has been staying with a cousin named Valentine Dillon at 1 Marine terrace, Eallybrack, nine miles from Dublin and a seaside resort. He intended leaving there to-day.

At half past 7 o'clock this morning a wagonette, with a coachman in plain clothes, and containing five members of the Royal Irish Constabulary in uniform, followed by a rolice car carrying four men, three is uniform, drove up to the house where Mr. Dillon was stopping. When the door was opened Head Constable Casey asked to see John Millon, who, in response to the request, at once came forward, and was as promptly arrested on a warrant signed by the resident magistrate, J. B. Irwin, made returnable at Tipperary.

Mr. Dillon was permitted to breakfast before

on a warrant signed by the resident magistrate, J. B. Irwin. made returnable at Tipperary.

Mr. Dillon was permitted to breakfast before being removed, and was then taken in a drag to the Kingsbridge terminus where a special train was in waiting. On the train were crown Prosecutor Stephen Renau and others, and the entire party left at 10:40 for Tipperary.

At about the same hour Mr. William O'Brien was arrested at Glengariff, where he was staying with his wife. He was at once taken into custedy and confined in the jail at Cork.

Warrants are also out for Patrick O'Brien. Thomas Condor, David Sheehy, the Hey. David Humphreys, John Cullinane, and Daniel Kelly.

This morning, after hearing of the arrests. Mr. Timothy Harrington inquired at Dublin Castle whether any warrant was out for him, and was told there was none, and he was allowed to depart unmolested.

Michael Davitt, in his Labor World, appearing to-night says:

This arrest represents another feat of

allowed to depart unmolested.

Michael Davit, in his Labor World, appearing to-night says:

"This arrest represents another feat of gigantic folly on the part of Balfour. It is meant of course, to show the supremacy of the Chief Secretary's rule over the National League.

"It is plain that the League and the plan of empaign still possess sufficient power and are strong enough to challenge the full exercise of Dublin Castle's authority.

At the time of Mr. O'Brien's arrest he was at a hotel at Glengariff, accompanied by his wife. Three in-pectors, at the head of an armed police force, surrounded the building and soon attracted an enormous crowd. When Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien appeared at the door flanked by officers, they were loudly cheered, which applause lasted until they were seated in a carriage and started for Bantry, live miles distant, from whence they went to Cork, and later were taken to Tipperary, where Mr. O'Brien was released on ball.

John Dillon made a brilliant speech to-night at a meeting here, in which he declared that the aim of the Government in the recent arrest of Mr. O'Brien and himself was solely to prevent them going to America, and thereby strengthening the feeling of the Irish citizens of that country against the harsh measures of the present British Government.

"Well, Saliebury and Balfour ought to throw

"Well, Salisbury and Balfour ought to throw themselves into the river. What a shameful thing to do, it is! Everybody knew that they were unwilling that O'Brien should come to this country because they were afraid of the consequences of such a visit, but I thought they had given up all attempts to prevent his leaving the country. He has just been married, too. How cowardly it seems! The despatches say that the charge on which he was arrested was inciting tenants not to pay rent, On its face, that is only a mask for the real reason, which is to prevent his leaving Ireland. Mr. O'Brien has been making speeches of such a nature all along, and I hardly think this particular one was more outspoken than the rest. He has done much to enlighten the American public on the true condition of Ireland, and the Government is afraid that he might tell all about the terrible famine which to-day is staring Ireland in the face."

The members of the Irisi National League who were making preparations to give Mr. O'Brien a rousing reception on his arrival in this country, were considerably surprised yesterday when they heard of his arrest. Mr. James A. O'Gorman first learned of it from The Sux reporter.

ON THE BRINK OF REVOLUTION.

Portuguese Republicans Hope the Present Crisis will Overthrow the King. Lisbon, Sept. 18.-The grave events which have been hatching for months past here are now culminating in an attempt to overthrow the monarchy. The Anglo-Portuguese debate. though only a pretext, has led to a Ministerial

a new Cabinet The first outward sign of insurrection began resterday evening by rioting in various parts of the city. All the shops are closed, and today a sharp conflict took place between the police and the mob, in which many on both sides were severely wounded.

crisis, and the King finds it impossible to form

The proclamation of martial law is momentarily expected. Senhor Magahoes Lima, the editor of La Secula, said in an interview: "The idea of a Portuguese republic was born of the success of the Brazilian revolution, which gave the impetus. Large funds are supplied to us by wealthy Brazil, and one week after we install the republic we shall not have a single adversary; even the clergy are on our side. We fear no foreign intervention, but, on the contrary, our republic will shortly lead to the establishment of a republic in Spain."

The disorders here have been quelled, and the city is quiet to-night.
On Wednesday night a mob attacked eight policemen on the streets. A conflict arose, in policemen on the streets. A conflict arose, in which stones and revolvers were freely used. Forty-two of the rioters were arrested. Later the riot became general, and the municipal guard was called out.

The mob then took refuge in the Café Martinko, in the Plaza Dom Fedro, where the customers consisted of journalists, deputies, and merchants. The soldiers fired into the building, wounding several of the occupants.

MEETING OF THE EMPERORS.

Nearly All the German Press Think the Meeting is a Guarantee of Peace. BERLIN, Sept. 18.-At 7 o'clock this morning Emperor William and the Emperor of Austria left Rohnstock Castle on horseback for the scene of the army manœuvres. The entire press this morning unites in extending felicitations to the nation on the meeting of the two

tations to the nation on the meeting of the two Emperors at Robustock yesterday, their friendly demonstrations being regarded as a guarantee of peace. In this chorus of congratuation there is but one discordant voice, that of Prince Eismarck's organ, the Hamburger Nachrichies.

That journal contains a vicious attack on Austria, and declares that the real interests of Germany are not to be furthered by the prolongation of the Dreibund, but are rather to be sought in an iniliance with Russia and the carrying out of Russian policy in eastern Europe.

The manoruvres of the Fifth and Sixth Army Corps have ended. This evening Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph attended a banquet at the Schloss.

Germany and the Slave Trade.

BERLIN, Sept. 18 .- The Reichsanzeiger, recurring to the slave trade question, says: " Determined as it has hitherto been to relentlessly oppose slave bunting and professional trading in slaves, the German Government reserves to itself the choice of the proper moment to fur-ther restrict slavery."

Herr Schmidt telegraphs officially from Zan-Herr Schmidt telegraphs officially from Zan-gibar that neither at Daressalaam nor at Bagamoyo has any proclamation with refer-ence to slave trading been issued; that no li-censes have been granted to dealers; that no actions against freed slaves have ever oc-curred on the coast; that the statement that Zanzbar dealers have gone to the coast to en-gaze in the slave trade is unfounded, and that the recent malicious and mendacious reports were spread for the purpose of injuring the Germans.

Pants. Sept. 18 .- The first volume of the famous Talleyrand memoirs, about which so much curiosity is felt, will be published, it is now expected, some time in January. The other four volumes will fellow as rapidly as they can be properly edited. The Century magazine of New York has secured the right to publish extracts from the manuscripts to be embraced in each volume in advance of the publication here in book form. The extracts will be selected and edited for the Century by the Hon, Whitelaw Reid, Minister to France,

Freuch Army Manonvres.

PARIS. Sept. 18.-At the conclusion of the army man guvres at Cambral a banquet was given to the higher officers present. Gen. Billot gave a toast to the sovereigns of for-eign countries. Major-Gen, Haron Fredericks, military attaché of the Russian Legation at Paris, gave a toast in honor of President Car-not, and declared that the foreign officers who attended the manuscress had received a good impression of France.

Australian Lubor Troubles. Sypney, N. S. W., Sept. 18.-Owing to the numerous interes s involved in the labor disputes now in progress here it is not probable that an early astiloment of the trouble can be effected even if a conference is held by the masters and strikers. It is not exceeded that the strike of the steredores will prevent the loading of mail steamers.

ARREST OF IRISH PATRIOTS. founded, and that their ranks presented an OPENED THE SAFE DOORS. ANOTHER REMARKABLE FRAT BY

MIND-READER JOHNSTONE. Me Opens the Boor of a Big Motel Safe White Sin Rands are Encased in Seave Gieves-Three Men Who Think of the Combination White Me Keeps Turning.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.-Paul Alexander John stone in an entirely novel and unprecedented manner illustrated his theory of absolute mind reading to-day by opening a safe at the Wellington Hotel, Calling the attention of the spectators to what he had said concerning muscle reading, be donned a pair of thick gloves, bandaged his eyes, plugged his ears and nose with wool, and destroyed the sense of taste by smoking a cigar. The gloves he wore were intended as non-conductors and to pre-vent any possibility of muscle reading. Burying his other senses by wads of wool and bandages, he wished to prove despite what scientific men assert, that he possessed another sense which has not been recognized hitherto. He accomplished the feat he attempted in a man-

ner which he thinks will demonstrate his theory thoroughly. After he had sprung the combination lock he was hurried to a bath, and emerged a few minutes later, his cheeks tinged with a glow from the sudden immersion in cold water and his eyes bright and clear. The distressing circumstances attending the feat last week were avoided, and after dressing Johnstone related his difficulties in connection with the safe, and discussed the ultimate position his theories would take when recognized by the scientific

Johnstone was to have opened the vault of the Auditorium, but the only man who knew the intricate combination fell ill, and there was no one to replace him. The committee appointed to watch the progress of the feat called at the Auditorium and were told of the Illness of the man with the combination. Manager Gooding then rushed over to the Wellington Hotel and obtained permission to have the feat performed there.

The combination lock consisted of four double numbers. In addition to this there was a strong steel air plate, which proved a difficult barrier for the mind reader to surmount.

Cashler George W. Gage was called in to assist in the accomplishment of the feat. He was tested by the psychologist. He placed a breastpin in a youth's necktle, and before he could turn round Johnstone had drawn the pin from the scarf and then dropped it on the floor. Another test was made before the mind reader was satisfied of the concentrative power of his subject. Johnstone called excitedly for a book A man handed him a green-covered pamphlet on "Pacific Garden Mission," and, clutching Gage by the hand, Johnstone directed him to choose any word he pleased. Cashler Gage underlined the word "Free" in the little book, closed it and handed it to the psychologist. Johnstone turned the pages over rapidly, tapped on a page, and said, "the word is there."
"Write the word! Write the word!" he

shouted, and Cashier Gage seized pencil and

paper and began to scribble. Hardly had be

"Write the word! Write the word!" he shouted and Cashier Gage seized pencil and paper and began to scribble. Hardly had he written the word when Johnstone called out: "It is 'free."

Casting off his black cap he led the men again into the parlor. There he harangued the little crowd of spectators on the difference between muscle reading and mind reading, and to prove that his ingers could take no part in the feat he denned a pair of gloves. He seized Gage by the hand and burried down the broad staircuse to the notel desk. A prior arrangement had been made among the three men, all of whom Johnstone had tested, that Gage should take the lirst number of the combination. Taylor the second, and Manager Hitton the third. Gage again taking the fourth and it was in this order the mind reader arranged them when he reached the safe. By this time a crowd had gathered in the hotel and swarmed around the desk to obtain a look at the strange proceedings. Johnstone's power seemed incomprehensible. "Click click. "went the knob of the combination. As Johnstone turned it, quickly to the right, the first number, it, was wristed five times, and Cashier Gage slipped away and made room for Clerk Taylor. The second number, 90, required four turns to the left. At the last turn Johnstone hesitated and turned again, and the combination was spoiled. With an angry stamp of his foct on the ground, the psychologist implored the men to concentrate their minds on the numbers of the lock.

"Click, click," went the knob again as he turned it round and round. But he was still unsuccessful, hig drops of perspiration showed on his face between the bandages, and he exclaimed in an agonized voice: "I can't stand this strain much inouer."

His condition was reflected in the cashier, for Gage had crouched down, peering hard at the combination, and occasionally mopping his red face with his handkerehief. A third time the mind reader twisted the glistening knob round, and as he completed in the affirmative. John stone selzed one of the spectators and clu

Homestek for Ris Asylum. A man, whose clothing was drenched with

rain, asked anxiously in Tremont on Wednesday to be sent to a police station. At the Tremont station he asked Sergeant Connor to lock

"Well, because I want to be locked up. You see. I escaped from the insane asylum in Westbury. Mass., a week ago, and now I wish I was

bury, Mass., a week ago, and now I wish I was back there again."

The man said be was Frank E. Hunt, aged 35 years, of West Brookline, Mass. His hair was close cropned, and be was dressed in a well-wore suit of cheap clothing. In the Morrisanis Court resterday Justice Murray asked him if he had been drinking much lately.

"No. I only take a drink when some one invites me to, and very few people ask me to drink now." Hunt said.

The was committed to the Commissioners of Charities and Correction for examination as to his sanity.

Strike on Mr. T. A. Havemeyer's House Forty-five workmen engaged in repairing Mr. Theodore A. Havemeyer's house, at 244 Madison avenue, in the owner's absence in the country, struck yesterday because the man who has the contract for the work brought car-penters down from Boston to work for less than union rates. The strikers included painters, decoraters, kalsominers, railing makers, and varnishers. The strike has not been settled.

French Warships Ordered to North Africa PARIS. Sept. 18.-In view of the recent devolopments at Tripoll, the Government has ordered the French Mediterranean and Levant squadrons to proceed to north Africa.

Notes of Foreign Happeniugs

Bahri Pasha Governor of Scutari, has been dismissed. Manchork Bey succeeds him. The Russian Government has decided to create a special Ministry of Agriculture. Cardinal Manning is slowly recovering from the severe cold that has lately kept him a pris-oner.

The editor of the Paris Cocards, the Boulangist organ, has been imprisoned for infringing the press law.

The Empress of Austria has arrived at Tanglers aboard the yacht Chazalie from Gibraltar. The yacht will be quarantined two days. In the Fecond Chamber of the States Gen-eral to-day the Minister of Finance announced that the budget for 1891 showed a surplus of 2,000,000 guiders.

2,000,000 guilders.

A tamily of eight persons, consisting of father, mother, and six children, has teen killed at Freesburg. Hungary, by ignorantly enting the fruit of the nightshade plant.

The men employed in the factories in which amokaless powder is manufactured will hereafter wear rubber mesha to protect them from the funes thrown off by the chemicals. Hereafters the men have suffered greatly from this

Royal Baking Powder Leads All.

The latest investigations by the United States and Canadian Governments show the Royal Baking Powder superior to all others in leavening strength.

Statements by other manufacturers to the contrary have been declared by the government authorities falsifications of the official reports.

KARLY AUTUMN WEDDINGS.

Fridenberg-Barnett and Patternon-Jacobas Miss Miriam H. Barnett and Robert Friden berg were married last evening by Prof. Felix Adler at the residence of the bride's mother. Mrs. A. N. Barnett, 102 West Eighty-eixth street. The ceremony was performed in the drawing room beneath a canopy of smilax and vallow and white roses. There were neither bridesmaids, maid of honor, best man, nor ushers. Miss Barnett wore a beautiful gown a long tuile veil caught up with orange blos a long tulle veil caught up with orange blossoms and a diamond cluster pin. Her bouquet was of nephetos roses and lilies of the valley.

After the ceremony a wedding dinner was served. Among the guests present at both were Mr. and Mrs. Leo C. Jacobi. Dr. and Mrs. B. Wolff. Dr. Emil Grenning. Prof. I. I. Rice, Dr. and Mrs. Edward Fridenberg. Miss Paulo Reno, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lesinsky, Miss Paulo Reno, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lesinsky. Miss Say Paimer, Miss Gutman, A. Augustus Hyneman, Dr. Aibert Fridenberg, the Messrs. Sonheim, Dr. and Mrs. H. Fuiler, Dr. Julia Barnett Rice, Mrs. Alice H. Rhine, Mr. and Mrs. Max Frankel, Miss Nina Goldsmith, and Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Blos.

Miss Kina Geldsmith, and Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Blee.

Miss Grace Lent Jacobus, the only child of United brates Marshal John Wesley Jacobus, was married yesterday afternoon to William Frank Patterson, son olex-Assemblyman Dandel Patterson, formerly a leader of the County Democracy in the Eighth District. Unit the immediate family of the young couple were bidden to witness the ceremony, which was performed in the parior of the bride's father's house, 16 Morton street, by the Rev. Dr. John Y. Beed, pastor of the Bedford Street Methodist Episcopal Church. The bride and groom during the ceremony were unattended save by their parents, who stood on either side of them while the minister read the service.

either side of steel service.

Miss Jacobus, who is a very pretty brunette, just past her 21st birthday, is a graduate of the public school, and sise a graduate of one of the city conservatories of music. Her weeding gown was of Australian gold silk, trimmed with duchesse lace, and her bouquet was of white roses, Instead of the conventional bridal vell she were on her head a wreath of white roses.

white roses. Instead of the conventional bridal vell she wore on her head a wreath of white roses.

Among the guests at the wedding and reception were Thomas Jacobus, the grandfather of the bride, who is now in his 90th year; Mrs. Mary Lavineus, the maternal grandmother of the bridegroom; the Hon, George B. Deane, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gelney, Mr. and Mrs. Jeremlah Pangburn, Capt. Albert L. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew B. Rogers, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Jacob D. Ackerman, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob D. Ackerman, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob D. Kuper, John D. Lent, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob B. Kuper, John D. Lent, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob B. William W. Jacobus, Mr. and Mrs. M. Van Buren Talman, Mr. and Mrs. M. Ferdon, Mr. and Mrs. Achrica Scholas Jacobus, and Mr. and Mrs. Absam Ferdon. and Mrs. Charles Jacobus, and Mr. and Mrs. Abram Ferdon.
After the honeymoon trip, which will extend over a fortnight, and during which Mr. and Mrs. Patterson will visit the northern part of this State and Canada, they will live in their own home on Barrow street.

A SUMMONS FOR MCKEE RANKIN.

That His Wife Seeks a Separation, McKee Bankin the actor, who is in Brooklyn just now with his play "The Canuck" at Holmes's Star Theatre, received a call on Wednesday night at the theatre from Deputy Sheriff Andrew Lyons, who served a summons on him in a suit which Mrs. Rankin has

brought for separation and alimony. The trouble between Mr. Rankin and his wife is an old story, and it is now a year or two since they have lived together. Up to three years ago they used to appear together on the stage, but Mrs. Rankin thought her husband stage, but Mrs. Rankin thought her husband was paying too much attention to one of the other actresses, and an estrangement resulted. Mrs. Rankin lives at Riverdale on the Hudson, with her unmarried daughter, for whom, as well as for herself, she asks support in the suitabe has brought. Rankin's manager. Mr. Barney, said last night that the actor was taking the matter very lightly, and intimated that Mr. Rankin's success with "The Canuck" was Mrs. Rankin's strongest inducement for bringing the suit. He though the suit would never come to trial, but would be settled out of court by Mr. Rankin's agreeing to bay over some of

It's a Week Now Stace He Got Mrs. Sweet's When William Sweet, a young electrician, returned to his home at 309 Lexington avenue. Brooklyn, on the evening of Sept. 10, he found

this note on the table: 'I have left you for good. There is no use of you looking for me. I am in earnest this time. I have left Willie with you because you are better able to take care of him than I am.

are better able to take care of him than I am.

Stella was Mr. Sweet's twenty-year-old wife and Willie their eleven-months-old boy. Mrs. Sweet has so far kept her threat good. She has not returned, and her husband professes to be in ignorance of her whereabouts. He does not appear to be much worried. He says he has neither made search on his own account nor notified the police. If his wife can find a more pleasant home elsewhere than he furnished her, well and good. Henry F. Hobby of 412 Macon street is Mrs. Sweet's father. He said last night that Mr. Sweet was well aware where his wife could be found. He also intimated that there was quite another side to the story and that his daughter was entirely justified in the step she had taken.

Threaten Separate Nominations,

The Presidents of the various German Democratic clubs in Brooklyn met last night at Arion Hall to formulate some political line of action for the approaching campaign. They were almost unanimous in their disapproval of the action of the Democratic General Comthe action of the Democratic General Com-mittee in rejecting their claims for recogni-tion, and some of them severely criticised Hugh McLaughlin's recortion of the sub-com-mittee. Mr. McLaughlin told the committee that he was firmly opposed to the idea of rec-ognizing any separate nationality in party management, the regular organization being large enough to shelter all. It was decided to recommend to the Executive Committee to make an independent nomination either for Comptroller or City Auditor.

The Army of West Virginia.

PAREERSBURG, W. Va., Sept. 18.—The reunion of the Army of West Virginia had its third days' session to-day. The crowd was much larger than yesterday. Gen. Enochs of Ohio larger than yesterday. Gen. Enochs of Ohio and Gen. Nathan Goff of West Virginia arrived to-day, and were escorted by long columns of veterans to their beadquarters.

The meeting of the camp this afternoon was presided over by Vice-President Major-Gen. Powell of Ohio. Gen. Powell delivered an adress of a half hour to 12,000 to 15,000 people, and then gave way to Gen. Goff. who was vociferously cheered upon his appearance. Nearly all the speeches favored pensions, more pensions, and plenty of pensions.

CAMDEN. Sept, 18.-Mrs. Patrick Powers. 65 years old, made known to the County Physician to-day the fact that her husband was lying dead at their home on Pennsylvania avenue, near Tenth atreet. Examination of the body showed that Powers had net with a vicent death. It was learned that he had quarrelled with his stopson. John Flizgerald, a dissolute young rough on Tuestay. The police are looking for Fitzgerald. Mrs. Powers is in custody.

Sult for \$100,000 Bamages, GREENPOINT, Sept. 18.—Price Salmon of this

lace, who was seriously injured in the colision that occurred in Gardiner's Bay in August between the Montauk Steamship Com-pany's steamer Sheller Island and the sloop J. De Blots, on which he was a passenger, has be-gun a jout for \$100,000 damages against the steamship company. A Government inquiry into the collision will be begun in this village next week.

Tornade in fowe.

ATLANTIC Iowa, Sept. 18.—A tornado struck about four miles south of Manning, Iowa, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Two men were re-persed killed and several injured. Damage to presente will be heavy.

THE PORTSMOUTH TRAGEDY.

Little Mand Hein Tells How Her Pather Shot Her and Her Two Steters, PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Sept. 18.-The awful tragedy with which Fred Hein closed his career last night has created a great sensation in this city to-day, and the bloodstained house was besieged by crowds of people. At midnight the little girl Maud was still alive although tweive hours ago the hospital surgeon said she could not live an hour. Mr. Charles W. Taylor, the first victim, is also survive until morning. If these two die, five lives will have been sacrificed to avenge the wrongs, real or fancied, of a husband. The wife, who is supposed to be the cause of the tragedy, has not yet been heard from. If she does not appear on the scene to-morrow the murderer and two of his victims will be buried in the family lot.

Little Maud Hein told Coroner Whittier today that her father came home in a towering age. She had never seen him so angry before. What he was provoked about she did fore. What he was provoked about she did not know, but he ordered her and her two sisters into the house. They were in the yard at the time. The girls did not obey his command, and he threatened to shoot them if they did not come in at once. Mand obeyed, and saw that her tather had two large revolvers in his hands. A few moments after the stepped inside the house he fired at her three times. Two of the shois went through her back and the other into her face. She ran out of the house, followed by her father, who then sho the other two girls. She then ran into the street.

It has been learned that Heln went three times to the home of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Lucas, and tried to get a shot at her, but failed. This was after he had shot Taylor, whom he believed to be his wire's lover. Heln was passionately in love with his wife, who did not return his affection. Common report says that she was unfaithful, and some years ago ran away with a sewing machine agent. The pair were gone some time, but finally the wife, who tired of her new love, returned to her husband. He thought so much of her that he forgate her, and once more took her to his home, she afterward carried on an intigue, it is said, with Charles W. Taylor, who now lies at the point of death. This was well known to about everybody in the city, for the pair were seen out riding together and were known to have gone away together for a time. The husband saw and heard many things which satisfied him that his wife was again unfaithful to him. He stood it as long as he could, and then he shot to kill. Hein also charged Taylor with running his daughter Carrie, who was only 14 years eld. Carrie, who is dead, was a remarkably handsome girl, with large blue eyes and peculiar, fluffy blonde hair. This discovery of the husband and father was the last straw.

Mrs. Lucas, Hein's mother-in-law, says that his treatment of his wife was brutal in the extreme and she lett him because he had threat end so many times to kill her. He forbade her to visit her mother, but occasion not know, but he ordered her and her two sisters into the house. They were in the yard at

APOLOGIZED TO THE N. Y. A. C. Cinb Explained.

The members of the Hoboken Turtle Club, whose reputations as first-class epicureans were long ago established, sat down to a breakfast and dinner yesterday at their beautiful Larchmont home. It was the last layout of the season, and it was probably this fact that made it the best relished. The Board of Governors of the club considered the alleged disgraceful conduct case of

gaged in the regatta on Saturday last, and the

Board:

Bloard:

Bloa reary receders about any even assumed by our sec-relary. Examined. That a copy of these resolutions be for-warded to Waiter G. robuyler, President of the N. Y. Athletic Club, with our regrets that any such action should have been assumed by our Secretary, and that a copy of this resolution be furnished to the press.

Secretary West tendered his resignation, but it was refused. "The Athletic Club and our club were on very friendly terms, and I have no doubt the friendship will continue," said a prominent member. "We intend giving another ladies' day regatta and to show our attitude towards the Athletics, we intend in-viting the very same athletes to participate again."

Bassett Convicted of Mauslaughter. A verdict of manslaughter in the second degree was returned by a jury in the Queens County Court, yesterday, against John Melville Bassett, who was tried for performing a ville Bassett, who was tried for performing a criminal operation on Miss Tessie Covert, which resulted in her death. The jury was out six hours, and strongly recommended the prisoner to the morey of the Court. Miss Covert was a daughter of Jerome C. Covert, a village Trustee of Jamaica. She was taken seriously ill last February, and named Bassett as the author of her trouble. Little is known of Bassett's former life. He is 45 years old. Miss Covert was 23. Bassett will be sentenced to-day. to-day.

Found Drowned in the Harlem River. Lawrence Cummings, a salesman in Benediet & Gaffney's wholesale coffee store at 181 Duane street, left there on Wednesday even ing to make his rounds among the groceries o ing to make his rounds among the groceries of the west side. He did not return all day, and yesterday his body was found by Policeman Rooney in the Harlem River near Macomb's Dam bridge. Cummings lived at 555 Morris avenue, Morrisania, and had a wife and several children. He was 45 years old. It is thought that the drowning was accidental, as no cause for suicide can be found.

The Newtown Baby Farm.

The inquest in the case of the dead infan found in the Claus hut, at Newtown, L. J., a few days ago, was begun at Maspeth last night by Coroner Homyer of Ridgewood. Constable Hilland of Newtown, Charles White of the same village, and Miss Keubne, mother of the infant, gave testimony. Constable Hilland told how he found the dead child, and of the subsquent arrest of Claus and his wife. Coroner Homyer adjourned the hearing until next

Disturbance in the Park Gallery. Three men who had bought gallery seats a in one of the seats and attempted to oust him J. W. Cooney of 443 West Thirty-fifth street interfered to protect the lad, and was cut in the head in the scuine that followed. Theatre unhers got the disputants out into the lobby, and there Cooney was arrested for making a disturbance. He was locked up in the Thir-tieth street station.

A Post Office Robbed of Stamps. BLOOMFIELD, Sept. 18.-Burglars broke into the Post Office early this morning and stole a quantity of stamps, stamped envelopes, and registered istres. It is not known how much cash they secured. They not in by removing an iron bar at one of the rear windows.

Benjamin F. Pelxotto, ex-Minister to Roumania and ex-Cousul to Lyons, France, died at the house of his daughter. Mrs. Morningstar, 10 East 180th street, at 10% o'clock vesterday morning. There were present at his bedside Mrs. Morningstar and her brothers George and Percy Peixotto and Drs. Armstrong and Jacoby. Of the remainder of the family, Mrs. Peixotto is in Baden Baden dangerously ill of heart trouble. Her three unmarried daughters are with her. Frank Pelxotto and his sister, Bloom, are in Louisville, and Irving Peixotto is in San Francisco, Mr. Peixotto was orn in New York, but spent his earlier years in Cleveland. He returned to New York in 1841. While in Cieveland he was associated with the late Joseph W. Gray in the editorship of the Cleveland Plaindealer. He was appointed Consul-General to Roumania by Gen. Grant. and lived for six years at Bucharest. He returned to New York in 1876, and took an active part in the campaign of 1876, stumping Ohio with Carl Schurz. Garfield. and Blaine, in support of Payes from whom he afterward accepted the appointment as Consul at Lyons, which place he held under the Administrations of Garfield and Arthur. He returned to New York in 1885, and resumed the practice of law. He founded the Menoran Monthip, was Trustee of the New York Sanitary Aid Boelety, was one of the founders of the Ohio Society, and was a member of several literary and benevolent organizations. Rabbi Dr. Mendes of the Ninesenth Street Temple will conduct the inneral, and the interment will be at Cypress Hills Cemetery.

James Galiatin of this city died of beart disease on Wednesday at his summer home in East Hampton. Long Island. Mr. Gallatin was born in this city in 1846, and had spent much of his life in travelling. He was a member of of the Century Club. He leaves a wife and six children. His brother. Frederick Galiatin, Elbridge T. Gerry's law partner, left for East Hampton immediately on receiving word of his brother's death. Another brother is Albert H. Galiatin, who is professor of chemistry in the University of the City of New York. The uneral services will be held at Fast Hampton to-day, and the body will be brought on here for interment in Trinity Cemetery.

for interment in Trinity Cometery.

The Hev. Dr. Thomas C. Strong, long master of the Reformed Church in Ithaca, died on Saturday, aged 66 years. He had been ailing for several years with a brain trouble which had ineapacitated him for ministerial work, and he had been of late an inmate of the Binghamton state hospital for the Insane, where he died. In his prime he ranked among the more distinguished clergymen of his denomination in the country. He leaves a wife and three grown children.

children.

First Lieut, Fred D. Holton of the Second United States Cavalry, stationed at Fort Whipple, Arizona, died at his home in Burlington. Vt. vosterday, of Bright's disease. He was a graduate of West Peint, class of '80, and this was his first visit home since then, having arrived on Saturday. Fatigue incident to the long journey home probably hastened his demise.

demise.

W. A. Collins of Hagerstown, Md., fell off a train near Racine, Wia, receiving fatal injuries. He was for years one of the proprietors of the Pittsburgh Chronicle, and later editor of the Chronicle-Telegraph. He was a man of

of the Pittsburgh Caronicle, and later editor of the Cironicle-Telegraph. He was a man of brilliant attainments, and was recognized as one of the best editorial writers in that section of the country.

William E. Lewis, Assistant Superintendent of the Long Island Railroad, died yesterday evening at his home in Third street. Long Island City. He was at one time Superintendent of the Mexican Central Railroad, He was about 50 years old, and leaves a wife and three children.

Joseph McCall, who died in Philadelphia recently, was for several years treasurer of the Annie Pixley dramatic company, and held a similar place in Philadelphia theatres. He was born in Philadelphia in 1835, and was a son of John C. McCall, ex-President of Select Council, May Johnson (Mrs. William F. Symonds), an May Johnson (Mrs. William F. Symonds), an actress and vocalist widely known in the West, is dead at St. Paul, at the age of 23.

Hamilton G. Webb. a farmer and politician of Anne Arundel county, Md., is dead, aged 46 Mile. Samary, an actress of the Theatre Fran-

AMUSEMENTS.

Opening of the Amberg Season. A full house marked the opening of the seapiece presented, "Das Bild des Signorelii." written by Bichard Jaff4, has attracted a great deal of attention in Berlin. It is a play full of sorrow, marked by a fine literary quality and much dramatic skill. A professor, an expert in the old masters, tells a lie about a painting which purports to be one of Signoreli's. He takes 30,000 marks for his false opinion, and the opinion is given in order that he may save from disgrace a son who is in the army and who has been gambling. The professor's conscience will not let him rest under what he has done, and it finally overwhelms him. The love of the gambling soldier and of his artist brother for the same woman adds further trouble. Herr Rierschner is the professor, and Herr Walter the man who gives the bribe. Both are admirable, and Fraulein Schmitz. Fraulein Burg, and Fraulein Leithner have excellent opportunities, and do excellent work. Two new comers, Herr Tauber and Herr Stengel, play the purts of the artist and the soldier respectively. They are handsome and canable, and handle their parts in this play with notable skill.

ROCKEFELLER'S LATEST GIFT.

He Adds a Million Dollars to His Fermer Endowment of Chleago University, CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—A pledge of \$1,000,000 to the new University of Chicago was conveyed to the trustees of the institution to-day in a letter from John D. Rockefeller, who has already given to the university \$600,000.

ready given to the university \$600,000.

The magnifleent proffer was promptly accepted by the Board and a committee appointed to arrange for filling the conditions of the gift. Mr. Rockefeller stipulates that \$800.000 of the amount shall be used for non-professional instruction and fellowships. \$100.000 for theological instruction in the divinity school, and \$100.000 for the construction of the divinity buildings. Except the inst-named \$100.000, the \$1.000.000 principal is to remain intact and the income at once be expended.

The present Haptist Theological Seminary is to be made part of the university, and the seminary buildings at Morgan Park are to be utilized as an academy. The new university will begin its career with endowments making \$1.000.000, all of which are handed in or pledged.

St. Albans, VL. Sept. 18.-This afternoon in the County Court Frank Mitchell was found guilty of manslaughter, the jury being out about three hours. One afternoon last winter Mitchell got into a drunken row with his uncle Mitchell got into a drunken row with his uncis. Hubble Lee. at the funeral of his sister's child in East Fairfield, and ended the affair by amashing Lee's skull with the buttend of a musket, death resulting soon afterward. It was shown that the men were drunk and quartelsome all the afternoon, and there were several scuffles between them at the house where the dead child lay. The minimum penalty in Mitchell's case is seven years in State prison.

ROCEAWAY BEACH, Sept. 18.-The body of man was washed up here from the ocean to day. In the clothing was found a steerage ticket in the name of John Hass, from New York to Rotterdam by the Netherlands steamer Veendam. The b-dy had apparently been in the water only a few days.

A Senator's Non Cat-Bitten One of the callers at the Pasteur Institut yesterday was the son of a United States Sena

tor, whose name the doctor refused to disclose He had been bitten by a cat. The cat was taken into custody and is kept at the institute. Helis being carefully watched for symptoms of

A Wire Fire Under Surveyor Lyon's Win

Just after noon yesterday there was a great hissing and sputtering outside of the windows of nurveyor Lyon's office. The insulating material on a wire of the United States Illuminating Company was afte. The wire ran into a well containing other wires leading into the office. If was quickly out.

SAM GOMPERS'S TURN NOW.

REFLECTIONS ON THE POLLY OF STRIES.
ING AS ENIGHTS STRIKE.

Mr. Powderly and His Board Have Left These Parts, Leaving Bitterness and Wrath Behind-Few Strikers Get Back, President Compers of the Federation of Labor who, although he hasn't forgotten the oratorical drubbing he received at the hands of Powderly, kept his mouth shut tight all through the New York Central strike, thinks now, that the time to keep silence has expired,

He said to the reporters yesterday:
"I regret that the New York Central strikers have been defeated, but it is only what I ex-pected and foresaw the day after the strike was ordered. The cause of the defeat lies within the order of the Knights of Labor Itself. I was invited to address the first mass meeting held in Union square to express sympathy with the men on atrike. While then expressing the strongest feeling of sympathe with the men I did not attend the meeting, be cause if I had been present I should have felt impelled to say what I now say. The strikers were then in the midst of the struggle, and ne sincere labor man would say a word then that

might work to their disadvantage. "The Knights of Labor are constantly denouncing strikes and trades-union methods and as a consequence they are never prepared for the inevitable—the strikes that are forced upon workingmen. As a result, their lack of preparation and want of knowledge necessary to conduct strikes render defeat almost certain at the start. Why, the very week the railroad strike was ordered the official journal of the Knights of Labor contained an article denouncing strikes. In my report on the subject of strikes submitted to the American Federation of Labor this passage occurs:

"It is true that no man who has given the question of strikes and the labor problem say inought can look upon strikes with favor, but to be continually condemnations and particularly when notes." It has no whom such a strike and particularly when notes. The normal strikes with favor but to be continually condemnation of the strike upon a faiting maries or when insufficiently organized, or, if organization, but properly equipped with fund, is unquestionably the height of guorance.

"This about describes the condition of the and as a consequence they are never prepared

market or when insufficiently organized or if organized and property equipped with funds, is unquestions ally the height of ignorance.

"This about describes the condition of the New York Central men when they began this struggle. I can only emphasize that now by adding that the strike is a natural result in the progress and development of the industrial problem. There is a science in the preparation for and the conduct of a strike, which by the way, is a dangerous instrument in the hands of theorists and amateurs.

"The deleat of the strikers may encourage some employers to assume the aggressive, while the symmathy of all working men and women went out to the strikers, they foreasw the regrettable result just announced. They realize more than ever the absolute need of a combination of all the forces in the industrial field. Coupled with this combination there must be a determination to lay saids the deliars necessary to sustain the men who may be forced to strike in defence of their rights or who battle for better conditions."

The rank and file of the strikers in this city were thunderstruck resterday morning when they learned that the strike had been declared off. Only two days before a deputation of Knights from Albany had told them officially that the road was ided up tight, and had urged them to hold out and win. The men who hung about the yards yosterday spoke with great bitterness of the Executive Board of D. A. 246. There are about 400 men out in this city, and up to last night not more than twenty had been taken back to work. Superintendent Voorhees said yesterday:

"The men seem to have an idea that we were only waiting for them."

up to last night not more than wenty had been taken back to work. Superintendent Voorhees said vesterday:

"The men seem to have an idea that we were only waiting for them to give in to take them back in a body. The fact is that their declaring the strike off doesn't make a particle of difference in the running of the road. Very few of the strikers have been reemployed, although several hundreds of them applied for reemployment before the strike was declared off. Several committees from Albany were down to see me yesterday, and I told them that they might just as well give up the idea of going back into the company's service, as their places had been filled, and there were no vacancies that I knew of. Any of the strikers who are reemployed go back as new men and into such places as we may happen to have vacant. Their previous service will count for nothing."

Mr. Powderly, Mr. Hayes, and the rest of the Executive Board have disappeared.

Some of Them Promise to Leave the Knights if Work is Given Thom, ALBANY, Sept. 18.—Superintendent Bissell and Assistant Superintendent Harrington have been besieged all day by ex-strikers, all of whom are anxious to get their applications for reinstatement on file first. Occasionally a man has been put to work, but Superintendent Bissell says there is no room for any large number of men, especially at this season of the year. The volume of freight traffic, however, will begin to materially increase next month when a majority of the men will be taken back. Many of the new hands employed on the road in this vicinity, who came from the West, are

Many of the new hands employed on the road in this vicinity, who came from the West, are what is known as "tramp" workmen, who never remain in one place more than a month or two before continuing on their travels. After the next pay day it is expected that a large number of these men will leave, and the vacancies thus resulting and the increased volume of freight traffic will necessitate the taking back of a large number of the striker.

The teeling against the leaders because they persistently refused to end the strike before is very bitter, and personal violence is threatened them. For a week back the sentiment ran high, and threats of abandoning the order alone caused the district assembly officers to act. The beggardy "aid" doied out to the strikers was the straw that broke the camel's back, and from that time a firm determination to do something has prevailed among the mea. The plan of reaching the officers of the company was by perition and up to this evening superintendent Hissell had received no less than its of them. These were circulated among the strikers and signed freely. The last one contained cenhaps the greatest number of names. In it the signers promised to sever their connection with the Knights of Labor if work was given them. They did not care in what positions they were placed, so long as employment was given.

The trial of the train wreckers at Troy was postponed until to-morrow. Hamilton Harris, who it was said wrote the confessions, denies the story emphatically.

They Say They will Brink When They Please.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 18.-The carpenters and joiners instituted a peculiar strike here today in the Algiers dock vards on the question of drinks. The men have been in the habit of taking several drinks during working hours. The managers of the dock yards, not liking this, gave notice yesterday that no employee this, gave notice yesterday that no employes would be allowed to leave the yard during working hours. The carpenters and joiners responded to this order by going out on a strike early this morning, and the calkers soon followed through sympaths. The mean say that they have been in the habit for two generations of leaving the yards a lew moments during the day for drinks, and will not abandon their rights. The managers said that they pay by the day, and that some of the men leave the sards five and six times daily for drinks, lesing valuable time, for which they are paid. The strike stopped work in all the dock yards.

Saw Jacob Schillz Cut His Threat. PATERSON, Sept. 18.-Some men who were in Rogers's woods to-day saw a German draw a razor from his pocket and cut his throat from ear to ear. The man staggered and fell. As he lay dying he managed to gasp out that his name was Jacob Schiltz and that he lived at College Point.



TS NOT one of the old worn-out. potash, mercury, sarsaparilla, thousand doses for a shilling medicine. It is a remedy which never builds up the general health of the

Cured Herself and Her Child, Cured Herself and Her Child,
S. 5. 5. has relieved me of a terrible scrofula
from which I had suffered for years. It affected
my nose first as catarrh, then caries of the bene,
and continued to eat until it destroyed the soft
bone in the right side of the nose, then went to
my throat and later on to my lungs, and it looked
as if I was doomed. S. 5. 5. has cured me, and
has also cured my little daughter of the same
disease. MKS N. RITCHEY Mackey, ad.
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